



# **INTRODUCTORY REMARKS: 2050 PATHWAYS**

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2050 Pathways Platform Annual Meeting 2018 24/04/2018



#### **Outline**

- Context for Climate Policy in India
- India's Development Context
- Study: Energy Pathways for Desired Quality of Life in India
- Points for Discussion



### **Context for Climate Policy in India**

Paris Agreement peaking will take longer for developing country Parties, and to undertake rapid reductions thereafter in accordance with best available science, so as to achieve a balance between anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases in the second half of this century, on the basis of equity, and in the context of sustainable development and efforts to eradicate poverty.

India NDC (2030)

- 40% fossil-free installed capacity
- Reduce emission intensity of GDP by 33%–35% from 2005 levels
- Additional carbon sinks of 2.5 to 3 billion tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>e

CSTEP's Work

- Expert Committee on Low Carbon Inclusive Growth Strategies (2012)
- Transition Towards a Green Economy in Karnataka (2014)
- Sustainable Development Framework for India's Climate Policy (2015)
- GHG Platform: Time-series national and state level inventories (2015-till date)
- Low Carbon Strategies for Low Carbon Development (Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change) (2018-2019)





### **India's Development Context**

- Examples of development challenges-
  - 300 million people lack electricity;
  - 500 million rely on biomass for cooking
  - 63 million houses needed
  - Largest working population by 2050

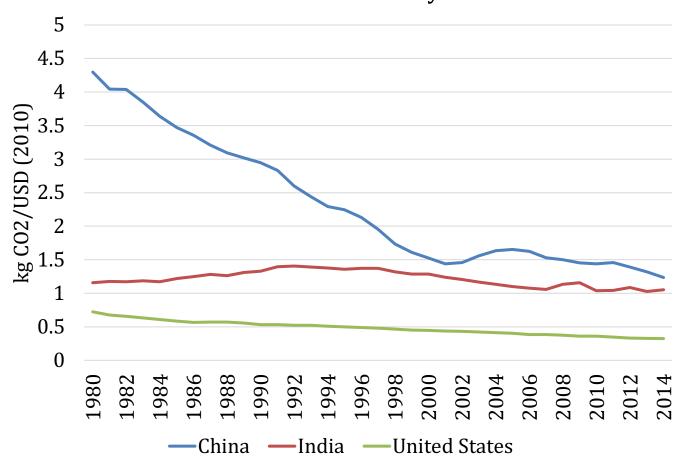






#### **India's Development Context**

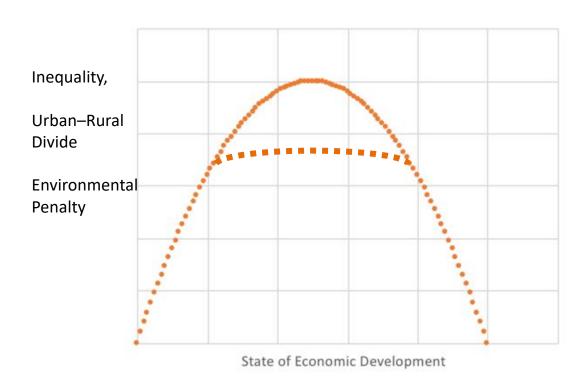








#### **Kuznets Curves**



Can India adopt a growth pathway by minimising environmental penalty?



### **Research Questions**

What are the materials, energy & emission implications for India to achieve the desired standard of living for <u>all</u>?

Are there choices that put us on lower emission pathways? Are there some that are compatible with a Global  $1.5^{\circ}$ C to  $2^{\circ}$ C pathway?





## **Current Study's Conceptual Framework**

Quantify Goals / Aspirations • Desired Living Standards

- GDP Growth Projections
- Sensitivity analysis to evaluate economic aspirations

SDG is the lowest threshold

Estimate Energy Demand

- Major Material Needs
- Electrical & Thermal Energy
- Energy Efficiency Interventions
- Role of Breakthrough Technology and Policy Options

Assess Supply Options

- Aggregate Energy
- Spatial & seasonal/hourly profiles
- Clean Energy Options

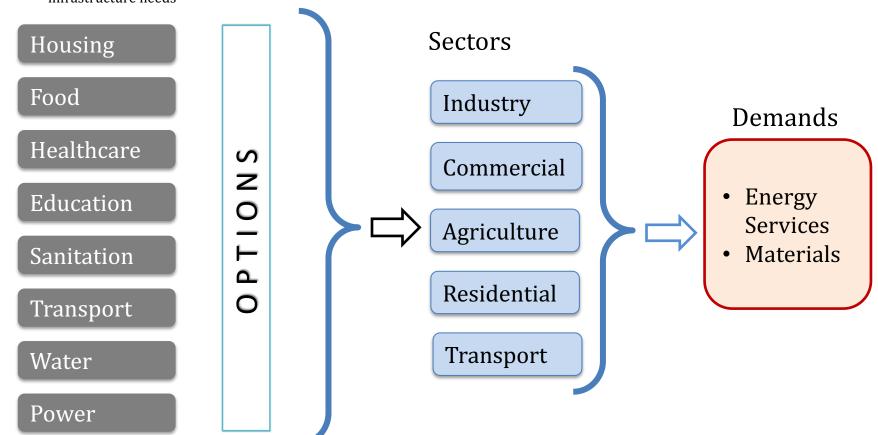




# **Approach for Pathways Analysis - Demand estimation**

#### **Development Goals**

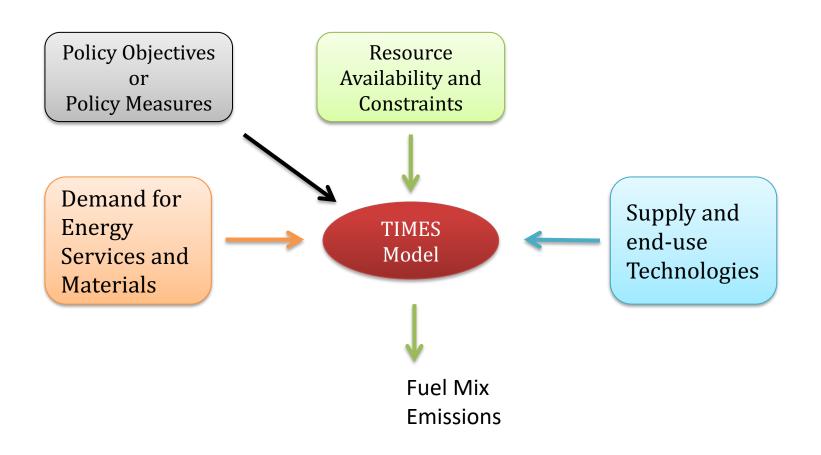
New and existing infrastructure needs







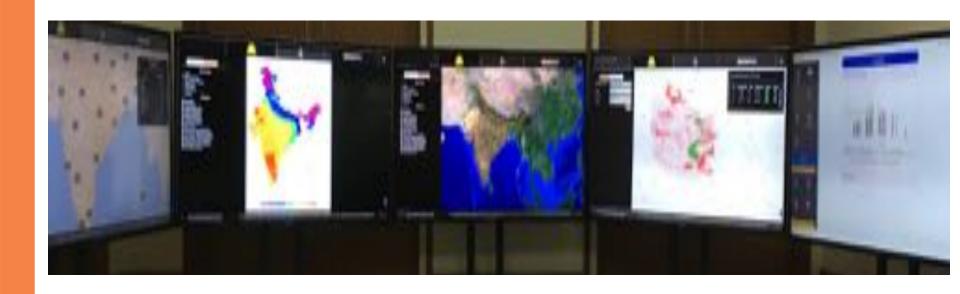
# Approach for Pathways Analysis – modeling to explore different system configurations that meet demands







### **Visualisation of Analysis**



Goal Definition Goal Wise Needs Sector Wise Needs Supply Options Insights

Decision Analysis for Research and Planning





### **Unique Aspects of the Study**

- Addressing "inclusive growth" explicitly
  - Quantifying developmental aspirations & 'Desired Living Standards'
  - Bottom-up assessment of material and energy needs, considering various interlinkages and options.
- Dissemination and stakeholder engagement is an integral part of the design
  - Scenarios explored using an interactive computational, visualisation platform – DARPAN
- Modular framework
  - Our vision is for it to be readily applicable to state and district levels. Goals and options will be different by region.







#### **For Discussion**

1. Current processes to account for existing & projected socio-economic priorities

2. Mobilisation of the administration, civil society and private sector in LTS discussions

3. Trade-offs to be addressed





